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PRO

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PRODUCT: 13190 E-COAT DTM PRIMER LIGHT GREEN

FORM

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

13190 E-COAT DTM PRIMER LIGHT GREEN
Mixture.
Mixture. Paints.
What Machine Teals Dunce (NZ) Limited
Wyatt Machine Tools Rupes (NZ) Limited 388 Church Street, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand PH: (09) 525 1000 Email: info@wyatt.co.nz
Emergency number 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1)
NZ Emergency 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1).
Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0. H: 2 F:4 R: 0.

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Classification	Damage/Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (Narcotic Effects). (Respiratory system). Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 1.
Hazard Description	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Prevention	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Response	P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340 - If inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	
Disposal Note	

SECTION 03: COMPOSI	TION / INFORMATION ON ING	REDIENTS	
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS	CAS #	WT. %	
Acetone	67-64-1	15-40	
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	10-30	
Propane	74-98-6	10-30	
Isobutane	75-28-5	5-10	

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SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5-10	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5	
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	108-65-6	1-5	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	763-69-9	1-5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1-1	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1	
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-1	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1-1	
N-methyl pyrrolidone	872-50-4	0.1-1	

<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>> .

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	
Skin contact	least 15 minutes. Consult a physician if irritation continues. Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If
Inhalation	irritation persists, seek medical attention. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	person. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. May cause respiratory irritation.
Immediate medical attention and special . treatment needed, if necessary Additional information	In case of shortness of breath give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	"Alcohol" foam, CO2, dry chemical. In cases of larger fires, water spray should be used. Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards arising from thehazardous product, such as the nature of	Extremely flammable aerosol. Thermal decomposition products are toxic. May include:. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Other potentially toxic fumes.
any hazardous combustion products Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Extremely flammable aerosol. Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Cool fire-exposed containers with cold water spray. Heat will cause pressure buildup and may cause explosive rupture. Solvent vapours may be heavier than air and may build up and travel along the ground to an ignition source, which may result in a flash back to the source of the vapours. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Use non-sparking tools and equipment to pick up the spilled material.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	
Leak/spill	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Avoid all personal contact. Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Contain the spill. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.

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SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Prevent accumulation of electrostatic charges. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face before eating or drinking. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Do not store
incompatibilities	above 50 deg C.

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	AC TWA	GIH TLV STEL	OSH PEL	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
laabutul Aastata		m (TWA); 750ppm (STEL	,	Not optablished	150 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate	50 ppm	150 ppm	150 ppm	Not established	150 ppm
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
Isobutane	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	50 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm / STEL 75 ppm
	ON: 20 ppm (TWA	N), 75 ppm (STEL)			
Titanium Dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not available	15 mg/m3	Not available	Not available
	CA ON: 10 mg/m3	B (TWA)			
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	50 ppm	75 ppm	Not established	Not established	Not established
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm TWA	Not available	Not available
		TWA); 150ppm (STEL)			
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
	CA ON: 20ppm (T	WA)			
Toluene	20 ppm	Not available	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
	CA ON: TWA: 20	ppm			
Carbon Black	3 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3
	CA ON: 3 mg/m3	(Inhalable) TWA			
N-methyl pyrrolidone	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Appropriate engineering		Provide natural or mecha exposure limits. Local me contamination, such as o gases and fumes that ma ventilation (ie. ACGIH inc adequate ventilation. Ver handling solvent vapors.	echanical exhaust vent pen process equipment ay be emitted. Standar dustrial ventilation) sho	tilation should be used a nt, or during purging op d reference sources req ould be consulted for gu	at sources of air erations, to capture garding industrial idance about
Personal Protective Equ Eye/type Gloves/ type Respiratory/type Clothing/type Footwear/type		Liquid chemical goggles. Wear skin protection equ the nature of the work to rubber. Insulated gloves. Local exhaust ventilation when contaminant levels Wear adequate protective Safety boots per local reg	be performed. The foll (for aerosols). is recommended. We exceed the recommen e clothes. gulations.	lowing gloves are recon ar an appropriate, prop nded exposure limits.	nmended :. Butyl erly fitted respirator
Other/type		Emergency showers and their hands and face before			

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SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Initial boiling point / boiling range (deg C).56°C (133 °F).Flash point (deg C), method18°C. (acetone). Based on lowest flash point material.Evaporation rateNot available.Flammability (solids and gases)Flammable aerosol.Upper flammable limit (% vol)9.5. (Propellant).Lower flammable limit (% vol)1.8. (Propellant).Vapour pressure (mm Hg)Aerosol vapour pressure:. 40-60 psig @ 21°C.Vapour density (air=1)No data.Relative Density (Specific Gravity)0.800 - 0.840.Pounds / USG6.68 - 7.01.SolubilityNo data.Partition coefficient — n-octanol/waterNot available.Auto ignition temperature (deg C)450°C. (propellant).Voc LBS/GAL less water3.87 lbs/USG.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Chemical stability
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Conditions to avoid, including static
discharge, shock or vibration
Incompatible materails
Hazardous decomposition products

Product is stable; hazardous polymerization will not occur. Stable at normal temperatures and pressures. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Keep away from heat. Electrostatic charge.

Strong oxidizing agents. By fire:. Dense black smoke. Oxides of carbon (CO,CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Acetone	50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
Isobutyl Acetate	>13.24 mg/L /6 h rat	15400 mg/kg (rat oral), >17400 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Propane	>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	Not available
Isobutane	52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	8.2 - 16.4 mg/L 4 hours rat	2080 mg/kg (rat oral) >16,000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Titanium Dioxide	>6.8 mg/L (4 hr)	>10,000 mg/kg (rat, oral) >10,000 mg/kg (rabbit, dermal)
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	Not Available	8,532 mg/kg rat oral 5,000 mg/kg dermal rabbit
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	>998 ppm 6 hours	4,309 mg/kg rat oral 4,080 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Xylene	6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Ethylbenzene	No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
Toluene	8000ppm (rat inhalation) 400ppm mouse (inhalation 24hr)	5,000 mg/kg (rat ora)l; 12,124 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Carbon Black	Not available	>10,000 mg/kg (oral rat) 3,000 mg/kg (dermal rabbit)
N-methyl pyrrolidone	No Data	3600 mg/kg (oral, rat)
Route of exposure Skin contact Skin absorption Eye contact	Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Skin absorption. Can cause moderate irritation, defatting and dermatitis. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Causes eye irritation. Symtoms include tearing and redder	ning.

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Inhalation (acute) Excessive inhalation of vapours can cause respiratory irritation, dizziness, headache, vomiting and unconsciousness. Inhalation (chronic) Excessive inhalation of vapours can cause respiratory irritation, dizziness, headache, vomiting and unconsciousness. Inhalation (chronic) Chronic exposure to organic solvent vapors have been associated with various neurotoxic effects including permanent brain and/or nervous system damage, kidney, liver, blood damage and reproductive effects among women. Symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, headache, impaired memory, loss of coordination, insomnia and breathing difficulties. Ingestion May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Swallowing causes inebriation, headache, vomiting, leading to severe illness, blindness, even death. Aspiration of material into lungs can cause

	chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.
Effects of chronic exposure	Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health
	effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful
	or fatal.
Carcinogenicity	IARC has classified Titanium Dioxide as a "Group 2B"; possibly carcinogenic to humans.
	Xylene has been listed by IARC as a Group 3; not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Ethylbenzene is classified as an A3 known animal carcinogen. IARC has
	classified Toluene as a Group 3 (Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans);
	ACGIH has classified Toluene as a Group A4 (Not classifiable as a human carcinogen).
	IARC has classified Carbon Black as "Group 2B", possibly carcinogenic to humans.
Reproductive effects	Reproductive toxicity (developmental): N-methyl pyrrolidone. High level exposure to Xylene
	in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental.....

..... No product data. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

cause adverse fetal developmental effects. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

embryo/fetus. Toluene is fetotoxic in rats and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal. Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification	
DOT Classification (Road)	exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons).
IATA Classification (Air)	checking appropriate IATA regulations.
IMDG Classification (Marine)	UN1950 - ÁÉRÓSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. Check IMDG regulations for limited quantity exemptions.
Marine Pollutant	No.
Proof of Classification	In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

CEPA status TSCA inventory status OSHA SARA Title III	
Section 302 - extremely hazardous	None.
substances	
Section 311/312 - hazard categories	Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.
Section 313	Ethylbenzene. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Xylene.
EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS)	
	Lutybenzene. Methy hobbity recore. Toldene. Aylene.
40CFR63	
California Proposition 65	*** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which
·	are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	(Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (C)). (N-methyl pyrrolidone (nmp)). (Toluene(D)). *** ! WARNING:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (C)). (N-methyl pyrrolidone (nmp)). (Toluene(D)). ***! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer . (Carbon black - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). (Ethylbenzene (C)). (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (D)). (Titanium dioxide - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

	his substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances
(NZ) HSNO Classifications 2.1	Classification) Notice 2017. 1.2A. 6.9B. 6.1E. 6.7B. 6.8A. 6.4A. erosols - Flammable Toxic 6.7 HSR002517.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Telephone number: Disclaimer:	(800) 387-7981. DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.
Review Date:	

Date of the latest revision of the safety ... 2020-09-22 data sheet

